

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

BIOLOGY 5090/22

Paper 2 Theory

October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 80

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2016 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

 $\hbox{$\emptyset$ IGCSE is the registered trademark of Cambridge International Examinations.}$



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5090	22

Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

separates marking points

; / alternatives

() contents of brackets are not required but should be implied

R reject

Α accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)

lg ignore (for incorrect but irrelevant responses)

AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)

alternative valid point (where a greater than usual variety of responses is **AVP**

expected)

ORA or reverse argument

<u>underline</u> actual word underlined must be used by candidate (grammatical variants

excepted)

statements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5090	22

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(a)(i)	yeast/fungus/ <u>Saccharomyces</u> ;	1	
1(a)(ii)	carbon dioxide/CO ₂ ;	1	
1(b)(i)	starting at zero; line above that on graph at least up to (the drawn line's) peak; peaking earlier (than dotted line on graph); reaches same height as dotted line;	3	
1(b)(ii)	pH; substrate (or named carbohydrate) concentration/amount; toxins / named toxin; amount of yeast/microorganism/strain A/strain B; competing microorganism AW; pressure/(presence of) oxygen;	2	Ig minerals/vitamins A alcohol as named toxin

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5090	22

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(c)	(strain A):	3	no mark awarded for strain A
	 produces high volume/amount + CO₂/gas; quick(er) process; CO₂ / gas makes the dough rise AW/trapping of GO₂/trapping of gas/improves texture; flavour suitable for bread AW; 		A gives sweet taste
	Total:	10	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2(a)	C-style/pistil/carpel/gynaecium; D-petal/corolla; E-anther/stamen/androecium; F-fruit/pericarp;	4	
2(b)(i)	H-CO ₂ /carbon dioxide ; J-O ₂ /oxygen/water <u>vapour</u> ;	2	

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5090	22

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2(b)(ii)	K-O ₂ /oxygen; L-CO ₂ /carbon dioxide/water <u>vapour</u> ; no chlorophyll/no chloroplasts; no photosynthesis;	2	
	respiration; A transpiration if water vapour given for L;	2	
2(c)	neutralises (stomach acid)/raises pH AW ; may kill/destroy (harmful) bacteria;	2	
	Total:	12	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3(a)(i)	nicotine;	1	
3(a)(ii)	tar/named carcinogen;	1	A any other named carcinogen in tobacco smoke
3(a)(iii)	carbon monoxide/CO;	1	
3(a)(iv)	 carbon monoxide combining with haemoglobin/nicotine narrows blood vessels; decreasing O₂ carriage/less O₂ absorption; substances pass from mother's blood to fetus' blood/reference to substances across placenta; impaired development/born underweight/stunted growth/damage to brain/stillbirth/premature birth; 	3	
3(b)	 both rise + until 1950; people unaware of the link/education AW; 1950/60 – 1980 + fall in smoking + continued rise in 	4	

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5090	22

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	deaths; 4 cancer can take a long time to develop AW ; 5 due to passive smoking/cancer caused by other factors; 6 since 1980+both falling; 7 better diagnosis/treatment/drugs; 8 low tar cigarettes/better filters/e-cigarettes;		
	Total	10	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4(a)(i)	Left Ventricle / helps blood flow or pressure;	1	
4(a)(ii)	muscle;	1	
4(a)(iii)	aorta;	1	
4(b)(i)	arrow in or towards heart in vena(e) cava(e); arrow towards heart in pulmonary vein(s);	2	A only one vena cava/pulmonary vein annotated R if arrows in these vessels contradict
4(b)(ii)	arrow right to left through LVAssist Device /in tube M/N;	1	R if arrows contradict
4(c)	aortic/semi-lunar;	1	

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5090	22

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4(d)	right ventricle; pulmonary artery;	2	
	Total:	9	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
5(a)	<pre>1 bacteria (or correctly named) + roots / nodules; 2 fix / convert / turn + nitrogen; 3 ploughing / digging into soil; 4 decay / decompose; 5 (which produces) nitrates / nitrites / ammonium;</pre>	2	Ig ammonia
5(b)	fibrinogen/fibrin;	1	A thrombin/prothrombin/(pro)thrombokinase/factor VIII
5(c)(i)	increase; no change + (from 2000) to 2002/3/4/ first 2 years/first 3 years/first four years; exponential or described/more quickly AW;	2	
5(c)(ii)	 mutation/change/variation; reference to genes/DNA; resistance (to poison)/better adapted; survival; breeding/reproduction/produce offspring; natural selection/evolution; greater amount (of dicoumarol) now required to kill/used to kill/the LD₅₀ must be increased; 	4	
	Total:	9	

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5090	22

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
Section B			
6(a)	 light/rays + bent/refracted/converged; following points must be related to, or imply, the idea of light/rays (accept image) passing through: cornea; pupil; aqueous/vitreous humour/bodies; lens; (lens has) less ability to change shape AW/accommodate; (therefore lens unable to bulge) fully/enough; (lens) cannot refract sufficiently/decrease focal length sufficiently AW; (cannot focus on the) retina/fovea/yellow spot; 	7	
6(b)	 convex (reference to spectacle lens) AW; (light/rays) bend/refract/converge; before entering eye/(eye) lens; compensate for thinness/lack of convexity or fatness in eye lens; (to focus on the) retina/fovea/yellow spot; 	3	
	Total:	10	
7(a)	<pre>1 adrenaline; 2 glycogen to glucose; 3 liver/muscles (in context of adrenaline effect); 4 boosts blood glucose/sugar levels; 5 fast(er) heart beat; 6 better/faster circulation; 7 more oxygen+to muscles;</pre>	8	

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5090	22

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	 8 more glucose + to muscles; 9 faster respiration/faster metabolism/more energy released; 10 faster/deeper breathing; 11 more O₂ into blood; 12 better removal of CO₂; 13 reference to sweating/vasodilation; 14 to cool down/lose heat/maintain body temperature; 		
7(b)	anaerobic respiration; lactic acid; removed/broken down/oxidised; needs oxygen/reference to oxygen debt;	2	
	Total:	10	

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5090	22

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
Section C			
8(a)	<pre>(similarities) 1 large surface area/both elongated structures AW; 2 active transport/require energy/against concentration gradient; 3 both in solution; 4 both require a membrane; (differences) 5 root hairs; 6 villi; 7 root hairs are single-celled; 8 villi are multicellular AW; 9 through cell walls in plants ORA; 10 ions absorbed from the soil; 11 glucose absorbed from/in the intestines/digestive system;</pre>	max 6	
8(b)	<pre>plants use nitrates; (and) carbohydrates/products of photosynthesis; to make their own amino acids/ORA; humans rely on proteins+from other organisms; have to be ingested/eaten/consumed; have to be digested to amino acids;</pre>	4	
	Total:	10	

Page 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5090	22

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
9(a)	<pre>1 named mosquito-borne disease; 2 vector; 3 parasite/pathogen/Plasmodium; 4 female (mosquito); 5 bites/feeds on + infected person; 6 picks up parasite/pathogen; 7 (transferred) to uninfected person; 8 sucks blood/blood meal AW; 9 injects/transfers + parasite/pathogen;</pre>	5	 A malaria, dengue, West Nile virus, chikungunya, yellow fever, filariasis/elephantiasis, encephalitis, Zika fever A bacterium/virus/protozoan/protoctist
9(b)	any named (different) disease + correct dietary deficiency; any symptom correctly linked to a disease/deficiency;	3 2	
	Total:	10	